Rain or snow; then fair.

"It was wonderful to find America, but it would have been much more wonderful to miss it." -Pudd'nhead Wilson.

It's not so wonderful to find bargains at the WHEN-the wonder is to miss them, when you walk right into them. As an example-

Spring Overcoats

Our lines cover the best styles—the favorite shades of fashionable materials-and our prices are their own argument. They go from \$5 to \$25.

Isn't it an advantage to be able to try on all the new IN A FORCIBLE, ELOQUENT SPEECH things, if you like, until you decide which pleases you

If you think it is, come to

The When

Our Manufacturing Department

Is showing for immediate inspection a varied assortment of styles in all sizes, of Plain Blue and Fancy Denim Overalls, Engineers' Jackets, Cottonade, Cotton Worsted and Jeans Pants,

> Neglige Shirts of Flannelette, Madras and Cheviots, With Colored Effects.

Exclusive Styles of Laundered Percale Shirts, collars and cuffs attached and detached

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THE INDIANAPOLIS WAREHOUSE CO.

Warehousemen, Forwarding and

Commission Merchants.

P. L. CHAMBERS,

KAUFMAN'S SEAT.

Republicans, However, Will Go Ahead

in Their Struggle to Elect a Suc-

cessor to Blackburn.

Senate will resort to revolutionary

A subdued air prevailed in the House chamber at noon to-day when the joint assembly convened in order to go through

he formality of a ballot for United States

IN DR. BROWN'S BEHALF.

Testimony of the Wife of the Accused

San Francisco Preacher.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 10 .- The prose-

cution of the Brown case introduced a sur-

prise when the congregational council re-

sumed its labors to-day in the shape of a

number of letters written by Miss Overman

which she did not know were in the posses-

At the afternoon session Mrs. Brown, wife of the accused minister, took the stand in her husband's defense and testified at length as to the meeting of Miss Overman and the

Five People Hurt.

CHICAGO, March 10 .- The collapse of the

cut; Lottle Kazee, twelve years old, hip in-jured and left arm cut; Louis Schripi, fifteen

years old, head cut and right arm crushed. The collapsed building was an old frame structure which had been condemned, and

when the accident occurred fully one hun-

dred and fifty people, mostly Poles and Bo-hemians, were around it, picking up kindling wood. The rear portion of the structure fell upon the crowd, but all escaped serious in-

Jury except those whose names are given.
They were caught by the falling timbers, Besides these, many others were slightly injured by flying boards.

measures to-morrow.

DIAMOND

56 W. Wash. St.

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BIGFOUR ROUTE

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INDIANAPOLIS and CHICAGO Have you tried it? Best 5c Cigar.

North-Bound Trains. Lv. Ind'p'lis, .*7:10 am *11:50 am 5:00 pm . Ar. Lafayette, 9:35 am 1:37 pm 7:25 pm South Bound.

Lv. Chic. 12th-st. Station *6:00 am *12:00 m *8:30 pm Lv. Lafayette. 7:40 am 12:52 pm 3:50 pm 1:20 am Ar. Ind'p'lis. 16:10 am 2:55 pm 6:10 pm 3:30 am All passenger trains stop to deliver and ake passengers at Grand crossing, Hyde Park, Thirty-ninth street, Twenty-secon street and Twelfth street, in Chicago. Indianapolis and Chicago sleeper on 12:05, aidnight, train from Indianapolis, and 8:30. m. train from Chicago. Passengers for thicago can retire at 9 p. m.; those from thicago can sleep undisturbed until 7 a. m. For tickets and full information call on Big Four ticket agents, No. 1 East Wash-ngton street, 26 Jackson place and Union

"Indicates daily, including Sunday. H. M. BRONSON, A. G. P. A.

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ARRIVE INDIANAPOLIS.

12:15 am; 9:15 am; 11:45 a. m; 3:35 pm; 7:45 pm; 10:55 pm.

For further information call at No. 2 West Washington street, Union Station or No. 134 South Illinois afreet.

GEO. W. HAYLER, D. P. A.

Opposed to the expulsion of Republican Sentators, and also desire that the House shall not expel Kaufman. Five Republican members of the House advised Dunlap to withdraw. In stating his reasons for withdrawal Dunlap cited the facts that only six D. G. EDWARDS, G. P.

MONON ROUTE Louisville, New Albany & Chicago Railway.

SHORTEST LINE TO

CHICAGO THE WEST AND NORTHWEST

Pullman Vesti. nle Train Service. Trains leave daily at 11.50 noon and 12.25 night. Arrive Chicago 5.50 p. m. and 7.20 a. m.
Leave Chicago dally 12.40 noon and 8.30 p. m.
Arrive Indianapolis 6.10 p. m. and 3.25 a. m.
Monon Accommodation (except Sunday) leaves 4.00
.m.; arrives 10.40 a. m.

ago Sleeper at west end Union Station, ready information at Union Station and 2 We be street. GEO. W. HAYLER, D. P. A. LAMB, HILL & DYE,

Attorneys and Counselers at Law, Have removed their offices to Rooms 507 and 509, In-

BONDS

Newton County, Ind......58 Noblesville, Ind., Water 6s Indianapolis, 1924......48

Campbell, Wild & Co. 205 TRUST BUILDING.

Loans in large sums on business property at 5 per cent. promptly made.

Chiengo's Bench Show. CHICAGO, March 10 - The seventh annual such show of the Mascoutah Kennel Club was formally opened to-day at Battery D Armory, with over nine hundred entries from challenge rough-coated St. Bernard bitch class, Io, owned by Charles R. Joseph, of Chicago, and valued at \$10,000, was awarded by Pratt, of Little Rock, Ark., a first prize

M'KINLEY" THE WATCHWORD OF ALL BUCKEYE REPUBLICANS.

His Candidacy Indorsed at Every Wayside Camp and to Be Ratified at To-Day's State Council of War.

tor-Elect's "Keynote" Punctuated with Cheers and Shouts.

DELEGATES INSTRUCTED TO VOTE FOR THE INDUSTRY PROTECTOR.

Senator Allison's Boom to Be Given Fresh Impetus by Iowa Repub-

stration followed another on the mention of McKinley's name or references to him.

Mr. Ickes could introduce Senator-elect Foraker as the temporary chairman of the

59 N. Penn. St. REFUSES TO CONTEST

DUNLAP WILL MAKE NO FIGHT FOR FRANKFORT, Ky., March 10 .- Dunlap. the Republican contestant of the Democrat (Kaufman's) seat in the House withdrew today. The Republican managers claim that the case is in the hands of the House and Dunlap has no say in the matter. Furthermore, they express the determination to unseat Kaufman to-morrow. The Senate to-day passed a resolution for the immediate expulsion of ineligible Senators; also that the clerk shall put the question and announce the decision in all appeals from the decision of the Chair. Several sound-money Democrats in the Senate are orking days of the session remained, that further pressing of the contest would pre-vent important legislation, and that the evil

cated by our chairman.

plause.) The time has come to redeem that Ohio. (Great applause.)

LOVE ROME MORE THAN CAESAR. "It is due, however, to the Republicans of Ohio, and especially to Governor McKinley himself, that it should be said here and now that our preference for him is not conceived in any spirit of antagonism or hostility to any other man whose name is mentioned in connection with that high honor. (Applause.) The Republicans of Ohio do not lack appreciation for Thomas B. Reed, or Levi P. Morton, or William B. Allison, or Matthew Stanley Quay, or any of the other great leaders who have been mentioned in connection with that honor. On the contrary, we admire and love them all, and if the St. Louis convention should disappoint us and give its honor to one of them we here and now pledge to him in advance the electoral vote of Ohio by the largest majority ever given in the history of the State. It is not that we 'love Caesar less, but Rome more,' (Great applause.)
"William McKinley is our own. He lives here in Onio, and always has lived in our midst. (Applause.) midst. (Applause.) He is our friend, our neighbor, our fellow-citizen, our fellow-Republican. Shoulder to shoulder with him CHICAGO, March 10.—The collapse of the rear portion of the two-story frame factory building at Nos. \$43 and \$45 Allport street this afternoon resulted in seriously injuring five persons and nearly one hundred others had narrow escapes. The injured are: Joseph Freek, left leg broken and right leg badly crushed, will die; Joseph Homolka, right leg broken, deep cut in right side; John Krejici, thirteen years old, right arm broken and head cut; Lottie Kazee, twelve years old, him inwe have been fighting the battles of Reblicanism in this State for a generation. We know him and he knows us. We know his life, his character, his public services and his fitness for the place for which he has been named. He has been our soldier

> "In this connection it should be remem-bered that he is identified with all that is good, and great, and grand, and glorious in the history of Republicanism. (Applause.) When but a mere boy, answering his country's call, he shouldered his musket and marched away, after the flag, to the

gress, he was soon there distinguished for his eloquence of speech, his fidelity to duty, his wise and conservative judgment, and his ever patriotic and conscientious regard for the rights of the people. Eighteen hundred and ninety found him at the head of the ways and means committee and leader of the House. In that position it fell to his lot to frame and secure the enactment of the McKinley law. (Applause.) That measure has made its name familiar in all the world and has made him exceedingly unworld and has made him exceedingly un-popular in almost all the world outside of the United States (great applause), but it has correspondingly endeared him to his THE M'KINLEY LAW VINDICATED.

"Time has vindicated his labor. The last three years have been years of trial. They have been years of Democratic rule; they

have been years of education for the American people in the school of practical experience. As a result, the American people know a great deal more about the tariff now than they did in 1892. (Applause.) Every business man has found out that, no matter what kind of business he may be engaged in, the tariff has a close, direct relation to him, and the wage worker has learned that his prosperity depends on the maintenance of a protective tariff policy. As a result, in every section, in every State, in every county, in every municipality, in every mill, and mine, and furnace, and forge and workshop, everywhere throughout this broad land where capital is invested and labor is employed William McKinley is the ideal American statesman, the typical American leader and the veritable American American leader and the veritable American idol. (Great applause and cheers.) No man ever in public life in this country enjoyed such universal popularity as is his. (Applause.) No man in this country in public life ever commanded, as he now commands, the affections of the great masses of the voters of this country. (Applause.) "Blameless in private life, as he has been useful and illustrious in public life, his name, in our judgment, will inspire more confidence, excite more enthusiasm and give greater guaranty of success than any other name that can be inscribed on the Republican banner. (Great applause.) As the cancidate of the Republican party, he will command the support of all classes and shades of Republicans, and at the same time command also the help of tens of thousands of patriotic Democrats in every State in the Union. (Great applause.) All who believe in America, all who believe in Americanism, all who believe in promoting and advancing the interests of America at home and abroad will rally to his support eenth century and constitute a bright and nspiriting chapter with which to commence the record of the second era of Republican-rule. (Applause.) Under his administration will be no more deficits, no more onal credit or the national currency, no and no hesitation whatever, such as we now fill it without obligation to any influence or power, except that which emanates or power, except that which emanates from the people whom he will be called to serve, and in all that he does he will be governed by that belief upon which has been founded and run his whole career—that this government is of the people, by the people and for the people. (Great applause.) Other States are declaring for him. Ohio cannot lead the column; it is already on the march. (Cheers.) All we already on the march. (Cheers.) All we can do is to join the procession. (Cheers.)

Ve will not hesitate longer to take action "I want my speech here to-day to be short enough for everybody to read it and plain enough for everybody to understand it. (Tremenious applause, and cries of 'You're all right.') I have sounded, gentlemen of the convention, the keynote of this occasion. I thank you," (Tremendous ap-

While the keynote speech was shorter than usual, it took a half hour to deliver it because of the interruptions from applause and the demonstrations on references to McKinley. When Senator-elect Foraker closed by saying he wanted to make his speech short enough for all to read it and for all to undertand it, there was as much laughter as ap-

Work of the Convention.

Telegrams of greeting were then read from several conventions. Gen. C. H. Grovesnor, A. C. Thompson and Hon. C. L. Kurtz were appointed as the committee that sent the following: "To the president of the Republican convention at Wichita, Kan: "The Republicans of Ohio, in their annual

State convention assembled, send greeting to the gallant Republicans of Kansas and assure them of the distinguished appreciation of the Ohio Republicans of the earnest support given to Ohio's great leader by the time-tried Republicans of Kansas. Ohio will join Kansas at St. Louis, and in November next will celebrate the victory for McKinley, protection and prosperity."
The following State committee was select-

ed: First district, Vivian J. Fagen, of Ham-liton; Second, Peter Durr, Hamilton; Third, John E. Feight, Montgomery; Fourth, W. L. Parmenter, Allen; Fifth. C. H. Marshall, Williams; Sixth, Dr. A. E. Archart, Brown; Seventh, C. B. Schuck, Pickaway; Eighth, H. P. Crouse, Hancock; Ninth, Lemuel P. Harris, Lucas; Tenth, C. E. Hard, Scioto; Eleventh, W. W. Merrick, Meigs; Twelfth, J. Pickering, Fairfield; Thirteenth, Thomas D. Dewey, Sandusky; Fourteenth, W. W. The usual committees for convention work Third, J. T. Sutphen, Butler; Fourth, John L. Dellinger, Auglalze; Fifth, N. H. Phillips, Paulding; Sixth, Hon. John Little, Greene; Seventh, Hon. G. N. Wilson, Madison; Eighth, Hon. S. L. Hugh, Hardin; Ninth, N. H. Reed, Lucas; Tenth, Hon. L. J. Fenton. Reed, Lucas; Tenth, Hon. L. J. Fenton, dams; Eleventh, Byron Luth, Ross; welfth, George L. Nash, Franklin; Thirenth, Cyrus Sears, Sandusky; Fourteenth, on. J. T. Haskell, Lorain; Sixteenth, Hon.

J. J. Gill, Jefferson; Seventeenth, M. L. Myser, Wayne; Eighteenth, W. R. Taylor, Columbiana; Nineteenth, O. P. Sparra, Portage; Twentieth, J. K. Durbing, Medina; Twenty-first, Henry Vail, Cuyahoga.

The convention adjourned till 10 a. m. to-The following was received from Albert H. Horton, chairman of the Kansas Repub-lican State convention: "The Republicans of Kansas in convention assembled, having perfected their temporary organization, as the first official act, send you greetings and assure you that Ohio is no more loyal and devoted than Kansas to that gallant champion of Republicanism and patriotic defender of prosperity of American homes, William McKinley, of the United States."

The following, from Chicago, was read in the convention: "The William McKinley Business Men's Club of Cook county and

Business Men's Club of Cook county send greeting to the Republicans of Ohio. Fully 90 per cent. of the Republicans of Illinois favor the nomination of McKinley. They are fully aroused. Our State convention wil instruct the delegates at large to vote for nomination. In addition, more than half of the delegates from the congressional dis-tricts in the State will be for him from the start, and before the end of our delegation, will be nearly solid for him." This was signed: "By direction of the executive committee, A. W. Clancey, Secretary, The committees met to-night, the one on resolutions, for an all-night session, owing to some differences on State issues. The mporary organization will be reported to the convention for its permanent organiza-tion. The hottest fight is for Food Commissioner. The committee on rules will report on order of business in favor of Dr. Mc-Neal, the incumbent In the contest for chairman of the State committee, H. P. Crouse, of Findlay, an appointee of McKinley, was elected over Vivian J. Fagin, of Cincinnati, by a vote of 12 to 6, there being three absentees.

There were reports circulated to-day that the Foraker men were fighting Congressman Grosvenor for delegate at large, because he would not pledge himself to Charles L. Kurtz for the Ohio member of the national committee. While Bushnell, Foraker, Grosvenor and Hanna were recently selected by McKinley, or a conference of his friends by McKinley, or a conference of his friends, for the delegates at large, yet Foraker had never consented till to-day to go to St. Leaus in that capacity. There is good authority for the report that Foraker, on arriving at noon to-day, told McKinley's managers that he would not accept a place as a delegate at large unless Kurtz was promised the support of his colleagues for national committeeman. This arrangement was soon made satisfactory to all. The four was soon made satisfactory to all. The four delegates at large are said to be pledged to Kurtz for the national committee. Pendir this adjustment there was some agitation as to who would take Foraker's place in the event he would not go to St. Louis, or who

SPAIN'S MINISTER HANDLED WITH OUT GLOVES IN THE SENATE.

Severely Criticised and Rebuked for His Reply to Utterances of American Statesmen.

NO VOTE ON THE MATTER

SEVERAL MEMBERS THOUGHT HE MERITED DISMISSAL.

n Exciting Session, Spirited Speeches and Much Talk About Privileges and Prerogatives.

HOAR AND SHERMAN AT WAR HOAR AND SHERMAN AT WAR sies of the numan language. With regard to the general question as to the propriety of men in high official station expressing their views, he declared that the press of to-day had invaded realms not dreamed of thirty years ago. Great men did not hesitate to make known their opinion not only

AN AMUSING TILT BETWEEN THE on literary questions, but on vital questions of international comity. He cited Gladstone's TWO VENERABLE STATESMEN.

with a supposititious case. "Suppose," said Reflection on the Foreign Relations he, "that some member of the British House of Commons should read in the House from Committee Vigorously Resented supposititious authority a statement to the by the White-Haired Ohioan. effect that before Andre was executed he

WASHINGTON, March 10 .- The crowds which filled the Senate galleries to-day in sorts of indignities. Would it be unbecomanticipation of an exciting Cuban debate were not disappointed. To-day two new phases of the subject made their appearance Senators and spectators to a high stage of Massachusetts Republican, arose to a question of personal privilege and in vigorous words rebuked the Spanish minister, Senor Dupuy De Lome, for his recent criticisms of Senators. Senator Teller added his opinion that a repetition of the minister's action should be followed by his dismissal. Senators Gray and Hale maintained that senatorial privilege and prerogative should not be strained to close the mouth of the Spanish minister. Mr. Lodge did not press for any

The incident was hardly closed when the subject came up in another form. Mr. Hoar had asked that his resolution postponing the entire Cuban subject until April 6 go over until to-morrow. This aroused Mr. Sherman to an energetic and feeling protest. He declared that Mr. Hoar's resolution was a retions and was an effort to shelve the Cuban resolutions after weeks of discussion and overwhelming votes in both houses. The two venerable Senators, Sherman and Hoar, engaged in a vigorous colloquy. Mr. Morpersonal conflict and for half an hour it waged, sometimes with deep earnestness, but energy of the white-haired participants. Mr. Sherman finally withdrew his objection and morrow, but not before Mr. Hoar had made termed the meddling policy of Congress in oreign questions. The latter part of the day was given to a continuance of Mr. Turpie's speech in opposition to the claim of Mr.

DEBATE IN DETAIL.

Spanish Minister's Criticism. As soon as the journal had been read Mr. Lodge rose to a question of personal privilege. He said he had read on Sunday an interview attributed to Senor Dupuy De Lome, of Spain. There was nothing singular in cated largely through the newspapers. But Lodge's utterance calling in question the ceeded with the usual morning business. translation of a statement attributed to Gen- The debate had had the effect of filling eral Weyler, in which the latter declared that he would "exterminate" the insurgents. the translation and said that a literal rendering of General Weyler's language would be was the exparte representative of Spain and what he had disclosed from time to time subtracted from the general sum of informa-tion on the Cuban subject. It was pretty well established that the debates in the Senate and House were purely domestic matters, and it was not proper for a representative of a foreign country to communicate, except through the State Department. If an American minister in Europe discussed the political affairs there he would be sent home. Mr. Lodge read from the letter of Daniel Webster, when Secretary of State, protesting against a statement by the Austrian minister as to a domestic matter. The Sen minister as to a domestic matter. The Senator added that it was a most emphatic progress. The Constitution protected Senators for language used in the debate. It was one of the sefeguards of free speech. Mr. Lodge said he knew what any foreign government would do with a minister taking such a course. He knew what had been what under like circumstances. He knew what Daniel Webster would have done in such a

and a minister. Mr. Gray said he would be quick to resent an attack on the privileges of a Senator. But in all fairness he thought it hardly worth while to stretch senatorial prerogatives and privileges in order to question a gentleman who had no power to reply on behalf of Spain. Our feeling will be better expressed if we do not take advantage of every criticism which differs from our own views. There should be some concession to the stress of the situation. This was a most vital time for Spain and for the Spanish minister. With this stress of circumstances we should not be over-nice in insisting on diplomatic proprieties and in finding fault with the minister, in view of what had been said in the Senate. AN INVARIABLE RULE.

Mr. Teller said the rule was unvarying

ator added, while he had this sympathy, yet he felt no irritation over the student ebullition in Spain. In conclusion Mr. Teller vigorously asserted that if the Spanish minister repeated this public utterance, the Senator would favor giving him his "walkink papers." The American people would not tolerate any dictation or criticism from foreign representatives accredited here.

Mr. Chandler also thought the Spanish minister had been guilty of an impropriety. His references, said Mr. Chandler, were offensive. "I desire to say," interposed Mr. Morgan, "that the Spanish minister misquotes what I said on the floor of the Senate." NOT TO SELL YANKEE GOODS.

About Injuring Our Trade by Can-"That illustrates the point I desired to make," continued Mr. Chandler, proceeding to quote Senor De Lome's reference to our war of the rebellion. It was unseemly, he said, for the Spanish minister to have written such a communication, and it could celing Orders for Merchandise.

expression on the Venezuelan question.

A SUPPOSITITIOUS CASE. At this point Mr. Gray came forward

had been tortured by General Washington;

that his eyes had been burned from their

sockets and that he had been sujected to all

ing in the American embassador to call at-

tention to the fact that the alleged history

be no impropriety in such a course. If such

a thing should happen, he said, he had no doubt that Mr. Bayard would send a letter to the London Times setting forth the truth of history.

Mr. Teller challenged the analogy of the

supposititious case. That would simply be a

tended to offset action on measures pending

in the Senate. Again taking up the thread of his argument, Mr. Hale referred to the message sent by the Prince of Wales to the

American people through the New York World. Royalty, he thought, had not abated its dignity by that act. It was simply a recognition of the now universally acknowledged fact that all public men went

to the newspapers, magazines and reviews to write themselves down in matters of public moment. Until the Spanish minister, he concluded, by false criticism, overstepped the bounds of propriety, he did not think he should be subject to censure or

had not been brought into the Senate by him. But when a foreign minister's words, charging that he had been imposed on, "maliciously and fraudulently," were read here he thought he should reply. He had shown that the Spanish minister's state-

was entitled to some rights. (Laughter.) He again read the words of the Spanish

minister, "appealing" from what had been said in the Senate to the "common sense of the American people." "While we are on the subject of history," he continued, "it might be well for Senators to recall the case of Genet, the French minister to the United States who took an appeal to the American people and whom George Wash.

American people, and whom George Washington turned out of the country. Would Washington be called a jingo and taken to task for his action? In his day and gener-

ation he was considered a man of good

Mr. Gray interjected that Genet had gone

the letter bore on a national election

ANOTHER EXCITING INCIDENT.

This closed the exciting initial incident

the Cuban question and the Senate pro-

every available seat in the Senate galleries.

The diplomatic corps was again well repre

sented, several of the ministers and secre

taries being accompanied by ladies of the

until April 6, next, was laid before the Sen-

ate. Mr. Hoar asked that it go over until to-morrow, as he was in poor health and did not feel able to speak on the resolution to-

Mr. Sherman was quickly on his feet, his face showing much feeling and his voice

strong in earnestness. "I shall object to

their desks adjoining and the colloquy pro

ceeded at short range.

Mr. Hoar expressed great surprise that the
Ohio Senator should object to granting a

usual courtesy to a Senator.

Mr. Sherman responded that the motives

for this resolution were self-evident. It post-

"The Senator from Ohio is a man of pene-tration, of great scientific attainments," an-swered Mr. Hoar, "but I doubt whether he

as to penetrate my brain and ascertain my

as so mastered the science of the X rays

notives in offering this resolution." Mr.

Hoar said his only purpose in urging this

resolution was to call attention to some new

action by the legislative and executive branches, the legislative branch proceeded

alone in a concurrent resolution to express an ineffective opinion. It was all a moot question. Congress is not bound, the Presi-dent is not bound, the people are not bound. Mr. Hoar said he objected to doing business

with one-half of a pair of scissors." If we

vanted to cut any knots let us get both

halves of the scissors; let Congress act with the President and let the President act with

HOAR HOLDS HIS GROUND.

Mr. Sherman again interrupted, but Mr.

Hoar waived him aside with emphasis, to

the great amusement of Senators and the

crowded galleries. Mr. Hoar insisted on mak-

ing his explanation, without interruption,

to the suggestion of the Ohio Senator that

an attack had been made on the committee

on foreign relations. A very grave foreign

question was before the Senate, he said. It

was a question that was so grave that the

Senator (Morgan) who reported the Cuban

resolutions said he would lay his sword be-fore the Senate and Spain was at liberty to

Mr. Hoar was interrupted from across the aisle by Mr. Morgan. "Will the Senator yield?" asked Mr. Morgan.

I will not," responded Mr. Hoar, decis-

But I demand that you shall, you have

de an incorrect statement," insisted Mr.

Mr. Hoar said he would, of course, yield

ctices growing up in dealing with grave

reign questions. Instead of having effective

oned and delayed action. It turned the

that resolution at all stages," said he. regard it as a reflection on the committee

so far as to enlist troops

alagous to the present one.

was false. He had no fault to find

written such a communication, and it could not be countenanced. Continuing, Mr. Chandler expressed the opinion that there was entirely too much attempt at outside interference or advice. He referred to the cabled utterances of Minister Castillo and the President of the Council of Spanish Ministers. MORE ANTI-AMERICAN RIOTS

UNITED STATES FLAGS BURNED BY isters.

Mr. Hale then took the floor. He was not prepared, he said, to yield one jot from the position he took yesterday, and expressed satisfaction that he had been able to obtain from an official source such a temperate reply to the inflammatory utterances against Spain, which were without any official foundation whatever. He commended the careful tone of the Spanish minister, who, he said, had observed all the courtesies of the human language. With regard to the general question as to the propriety SALAMANCA STUDENTS.

Dutch Consulate at Bilbao Stoned by Mistake for the Office of Uncle Sam's Representative.

LER'S REIGN OF TERROR

MANY CUBANS WANTONLY KILLED

BY SPANISH SOLDIERS.

Insurgents Routed in Numerous En-

gagements, According to Official

Accounts from Havana.

MADRID, March 10 .- There was a serious anti-American riot at Salamanca vesterday evening. The students, as usual, were the leaders of the disturbance. They carried was unauthenticated and that a mistake | Spanish and American flags and burned the latter amid the acclamations of the crowd which gathered to witness the "patriotic" demonstration. Eventually the gendarmes charged the rioters and dispersed them temporarily. Later the students reassembled and gathered another mob about them. The prefect hurried to the scene and exhorted utterances, cheering for Spain and denouncing the United States. Finally the prefect was compelled to call on the police for protection and the gendarmes again charged was finally restored and the university was closed. The authorities fear there will be additional outbreaks and vigorous precautions have been taken to promptly suppress

> A pamphlet has been published here entitled "The United States Versus Spain," which is believed to have been written by ex-Minister Valera. It points out the alleged injustice of Congress, and the writer says he opinion in the United States as soon as the truth is known. He regards the situation from an optimist standpoint, eulogizes American women and says that the men are amiable and hospitable to strangers when not blinded by self-esteem.

A dispatch from Barcelona says that the merchants of that city have agreed not to sell American products in the event of President Cleveland approving the Cuban belligerency resolutions of Congress. They have also opened subscriptions towards a fund which is to be devoted to the purhcase of war ships. The Carlist fete has passed off eport that the United States minister, Mr. Hannis Taylor, was leaving Madrid, Mrs. Taylor has abandoned her proposed trip to Biarritz, for fear that a false interpretation might be placed on her absence from the

ported in political circles there that Eng-Mr. Lodge responded that this was not the main offense. The Senator recalled the case of Lord Sackville-West, who was asked Cuban question on the basis of their recogto retire for giving advice as to how to vote nition of the sovereign rights of Spain over Cuba, which would be granted an auton-"That was a private letter, not meant for omous administration, the customs receips however, being devoted to the payment of the Cuban debt, ublication," suggested Mr. Teller. Mr. Hale added that in the Sackville-West

The noisy demonstrations of patriotic fervor and hostility to the United States were renewed at Bilbao to-day and efforts were again made to do violence to the United States consulate. The mob sucng mistaken that office for the consulate of the United States, which was effectually guarded by the police force.

Another Filibuster Sails. CHARLESTON, March 10 .- The steamer several weeks, suspected of being a fillouster bound for Cuba, cleared to-day for accompanied her from Wilmington, During epartment. It is believed that the Commo-

dore will dishcarge her cargo on the Cuban coast before reaching Tampa. ATROCITIES IN CUBA.

on foreign relations. After more than a month of discussion, after overwhelming Inoffensive Cubans Murdered by the Hirelings of Spain. NEW YORK, March 10 .- Fidel Pierra, it

month of discussion, after overwhelming votes in both branches of Congress, this resolution is brought here sending the subcharge of the Cuban news bureau, in this ject back to the committee on foreign relacity, to-night gave out the following state-There was a snap to the words of Mr Sherman which left no doubt of their ear-nestness. The two venerable Senators, Mr. Sherman and Mr. Hoar, stood side by side, "From a letter dated Santiago de Cuba,

Feb. 28, the following paragraphs are copied: 'Although General Weyler says that nobody will be punished in any way unless he is convicted of some crime, assassination proceeds on a larger scale. In order that you may judge to what extent it is carried on. I will give you a few instances. On the morning of the 14th inst., in the ward of Maravilla, in the town of Guantanamo, the the following persons were found murdered: Celestine Perran, colored, planter, fifty years old: Luciano Faure, colored, planter, forty, years; Policarpo Baro, colored, planter, forty years; Elias Duran, colored, laborer, thirty-five years; Manuel Munoz, colored, planter, seventy years; Miguel Perez, colored, laborer, fifty-eight years; Felix Casado, white, planter, forty years; Rufing Luque, white, planter, thirty-eight years; Blas Jimenez, white, planter, forty years; Jose Gome, white, planter, twenty-one years: Ramon Maleta, cofored, laborer, forty-five years; Tomas Speent, colored, laborer, twenty years; Rafael Carbonell, colored, laborer, fifty years.

" The first of the individuals named had left this city the previous day for Guantanamo with his stepdaughter. He was the owner of a small coffee estate. Another of the murdered men had arrived with six horses loaded with 1,200 pounds of coffee. He was accompanied by a lady and a child of one year. The coffee was sold by the men of the guerrillas of Goyo Romero and the proceeds distributed among them. In Hongoosenzo, district of Cobre, on a coffee plantation, a Spanish guerrilla cut to pieces a lawyer from Seville, also the colored man, Juan Despigne, and several others, whose names I have not yet ascertained. They were all peaceable people engaged in their

'In the Maniel, a Spaniard, an old man a farmer, named Cortez and another by the name of Viente, fifty years old, whose only crime was to have a relative with the Cu-bans, were manacled with five others, whose names I have not yet ascertained, and they were all shot at different places in the dis-

of the guerrilla Tegada and the negro Caravajal robbed and murdered Victoriano Dominuez, forty years of age, a Spaniard and owner of a small shop. The lieutenant, in his report, says that he had an accounter ame necessary, if war came, then he Continued on Second Page.) .

gestion, and since the exposure of the scan-dal Miss Overman has remained in her house at her invitation. She said her husband was loyal to her and to his home and that she knew that there had been no improper re-lations between Dr. Brown and Mrs. Stock-ton or any other woman. Mrs. Brown said she attributed all the sorrows of herself and husband to Mrs. Cooper, as the letter had husband to Mrs. Cooper, as the latter had introduced Mrs. Stockton to them when she knew she was a bad woman.

5 Per Cent.—Loans—5 Per Cent.

C. S. Warburton. 26 Lombard Building.

inner in last year's New York, Detroit and hicago bench shows. In the Great Dane hallenge class, Osceola Neverseek, owned by the Osceola (Is.) kennels, beat out Great Imparator and Major McKinley.

APOTHEOSIZED BY FORAKER

TO THE ASSEMBLED WARRIORS.

Almost Every Sentence of the Sena-

licans in Convention To-Day.

COLUMBUS, O., March 10 .- The Grand Opera House could not hold half the people wanting admission this afternoon to the Republican State convention. The bands entertained the crowd in front of the building McKinley convention. Among the Ohlo Congressman and other prominent Republicans on the stage sat ex-Secretary of the Treasury Charles Foster. Governor Bushnell occupied one of the boxes. The first demonstration was when Chairman Ickes escorted Senator-elect Foraker to the presiding officer's chair and from that time on one demon-

After prayer by Rev. J. C. Watt, Chairman J. M. Ickes reviewed the McKinley campaigns in Ohio and the two campaigns succeeding his administration and stated that at the State convention in Zanesville as sacred as the Trinity. That pledge marked an important epoch in the history of Ohio Republicanism. It promised to make Bushnell Governor, Foraker Senator and to use every honorable means to make McKinley President. Two parts of the trinity had been fulfilled and the Republicans of Ohio were now assembled to enter sincerely into the faithful execution of the third part-the unanimous and unqualified support of McKinley for the presidential

Mr. Fornker's Speech. When Mr. Foraker was introduced there was another boisterous scene which was repeated often as he proceeded. He spoke as

"Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Convention-1 sincerely thank the State central committee for the honor of temporarily presiding over this convention and I most heartily thank you, gentlemen of the convention, for your kind and enthusiastic greeting. Be assured of my proper appreciation. Ordinarily, as I understand it, it is thought to be the chief duty to discuss current political questions and define party positions. Ordinarily I should make that kind of an address on such an occasion as this It is posible that you are expecting some such remarks as those. If so, you will be disappointed, for, in my judgment, that kind of an address is not necessary under the circumstances attending us here to-day. It is not necessary because everybody knows that no matter what questions may discussed in the coming campaign the our years this country shall be ruled by And everytody knows in advance what the verdict will be (applause) for even our Democratic friends understand and can see that the sweeping victories of last year are to be followed by still greater and grander triumphs this year. (Applause.)

The Republican party was never so strong, never so powerful, never so popular, never so intrenched in the hearts and affections of the American people as it is to-day, and so far, at least, as Ohio is concerned, never so united or harmonious as have no differences of opinion with respect

to national questions or policies, and we have no factional dissensions to weaken from neglect of legislation, and that the evil ance all the benefit to the party to be de-rived from his being seated. The outlook to-night indicates that both the House and our strength or divert our attention from the common enemy (applause); therefore, it is that while we are here for the purpose of nominating a ticket and declaring anew the faith that is in us, we come also to the discharge of a higher and more com-manding duty. It has already been indi-"The Zanesville convention declared that the Republicans of Ohio would this year Senator. Mr. Weissinger's death was the principal topic of conversation. Mr. Lyons moved that the reading of the journal be dispensed with. He said that it had been agreed that the ballot to-day should be a more formally. unitedly and enthusiastically support the candidacy of Governor McKinley. (Apmere formality. There was no objection to his motion, and the ballot was informal, as on yesterday. Boyle, Blackburn and Pettit each received one vote.

pledge, and we are here to redeem it. In every district and county convention so far held this year in this State he has already been indorsed. We assemble now as the representatives of the Republicans of the whole State for the purpose of doing the same thing. (Applause.) We owe it to ourselves as well as to him to do it with spirit, to do it with earnestness, to do it with unanimity, to do it in such a manner, in short, as will signify to the whole Nation that he has now and will have at the St. Louis convention the united, hearty, cordial, enthusiastic, unqualified support of

comrade, our Representative in Congress, our Governor. By all these takens, we here to-day present him to the Republicans of the other States of the Union as our choice and asked them to make him theirs, (Great

music of the Union, to make a record for rallantry and heroism at the front on the pattlefields of the Republic. (Tremendous

definite action.

Senator Lodge's Protest Against the this fact, as the Spanish minister communi-D. Dewey, Sandusky; Fourteenth, W. W. Skiles, Richland; Flifteenth, I. I. Rose, Washington; Sixteenth, W. McMiller, Jefferson; Seventeenth, C. B. McCoy, Coshocton; Eighteenth, W. C. Weirick, Stark; Nineteenth, B. F. Perry, jr., Ashtabula; Twentieth, James Caldwell, Cuyahoga; Twenty-first, Hugh J. Buskley, Cuyahoga.

Ing of Central Welfer's language would be that he would "clean out" the large insurging lines of the Senate was also crowded, members of the House diplomatic corps. The floor of the Senate was also crowded, members of the House filling the rear and side areas.

Another exciting incident occurred when the course he had. He (De Lome) had been the course he had. He (De Lome) had been providing that the Cuban question go over the senate would "clean out" the large insurging diplomatic corps. The floor of the Senate diplomatic corps are diplomatic corps. The floor of the Senate diplomatic cor

Mr. Gray said the course of the United States should proceed according to the judgment of a self-respecting nation, unmoved by the emeutes at Valencia or Madrid, and without being turned aside to discuss a question of the translation between a Senator

against a communication by a foreign minister, except through the State Department. There should be no comment by foreign minister. He should not be heard at all, except in the regular channels. Twice had foreign ministers been sent home for statements of less importance than this "But, considering the circumstances," added Mr. Teller, "had I been in authority I would have had the Secretary of State, in a most kindly way, suggest that a repetition of the offense would lead to his going home." Mr. Teller then turned to the conditions in Spain. He did not think the outbreak of students should give offense. The Spanish authorities were doing all in their power to stop the trouble. There was no probability that Spain would dissent in an offensive way to the passage of the pending resolu-tions. Spain knew we had a right to recog-nize the belligerents. Spain would naturally show some feeling, but she would not go to

There was a ripple of applause, which the Vice President checked, then Mr. Teller referred to his sympathy with the Cubans. "I would be delighted," said he, "to hear that Havana had passed into the hands of the insurgents. I would have been delighted to hear that the insurgents had run the Spanish soldiers into the sea." But the Sen